

A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in
THE BEE.
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

THE BEE

WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1900

NO. 11.

The Political Situation.

Special Correspondence.

CHICAGO, August 24.—The political situation, so far as the republican out look is concerned, may be sized up in one word—overconfidence. The great trouble at the present moment is that everybody nearly, and especially the republicans, are too busy making money, getting their crops in, earning the good wages at their situations in the mills all over the country, and, short, feeling so very contented that one who comes along to talk politics finds little encouragement. The correspondence, the clippings from the newspapers, the private communications received from leaders in various States, all indicate that this Jangle of overconfidence is liable to be the great one. It ought to be said, however, that the officers of the Republican National Committee are fully alive to this danger. They are fully alive to the reports of prosperity to receive the reports of prosperity—and the reports also that as many millions of voters as possible, especially republican voters, are having a really good time of it financially. But they do not allow themselves to be lulled into any feeling of false security by this. They have been looking from the drop of the hat, and that, according to all reports, is the exact condition in the East. The Republican leaders believe that they will win, but they are going to work hard and harder to bring about that consummation: and they propose to take no chances.

One of the best advertisements ever written simply said:

"No time to write advertisements—too busy selling hats."

That about expresses the present situation.

It is equally evident that the Republican leaders, orators, writers and workers of various kinds are going to chase no rainbows, that is because they are going to take no chances. You do not hear those who really know their political business saying that this or that is going to be a "paramount issue." They know better than to make any such predictions. It seems to them that special issues are likely to have to be discussed, expansion or imperialism, if the Democrats choose to call it that, free silver, possibly the Chinese War. It is likely to be almost anything, but whatever it is these safe Republican leaders, orators, writers and other workers are going to be ready. They are not going to be put on the defensive. They have been in power, they have had responsibilities. They have promised four years ago. They have fulfilled those promises. They do not believe that the opposition party, no matter how harsh its criticisms now, and no matter how fair it promises, could have done better if it had tried—could not have done as well, having had less experience, and, as everybody knows, having made but a sorry mess of it whenever it has had a chance to try before.

So all the Republican workers are going to meet the Democratic workers more than half way. If expansion or "imperialism" is the issue, let the two platforms be compared. Bryan actually promises nothing that the Republicans are not now performing. He says to be sure, that he would convene Congress and establish a protectorate over the Philippines. He isn't square enough to mention that this would take about the same kind of a standing army that we are now maintaining, and to which he seems to object so strenuously. So, with the silver issue, he and all his followers will have a chance to explain whether Bryan, if elected, would not immediately put the country on a silver basis by paying in silver, for he is permitted by law to pay in "coin."

And perhaps the paramount issue may be the Chinese War. If so, the Republican performance is good enough augury for the future. It is about the platform of the gallant McCalla, who, if I remember correctly, said, after the commanders of the allies hesitated about advancing:

"We seem to have come to no conclusion in this conference, gentlemen, but I am going there in danger in Pekin and I am going there!"

And he stated, he and his handful of marines and sailors. They were repulsed, but they are getting there again, and it is believed that the American people are applauding.

It is the exact truth to say that Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance was a disappointment here, greater to the Republican managers, possibly, than to the Democrats. He really dealt in platitudes so generously that there is nothing tangible in it to attack or pick to pieces. Besides the platitudes there are, of course, innumerable high-flown periods and no end of misstatements of fact, to say nothing of stilted and chestnutty philosophy, so-called, apparent in the whole thing. Such as it is, however, the Bryan speech of acceptance will be riddled to pieces as time goes on. It is believed that voters everywhere—who will, of course, have opportunity to read it everywhere—will pick it to pieces for themselves, themselves asking questions at the end of each sentence, asking what Mr. Bryan would actually do under the circumstances, what he really means, what of it if it is so, etc. Moreover it is a cowardly speech, omitting all reference to silver and the overturn of the Supreme Court and the suppression of the negroes now active in operation everywhere in the South, stillifying in this last particular the whole force of the Bryan argument of the "consent of the governed."

Such as it is, however, the speech will be made to do good service—better on the part of Republicans, probably, than on the part of Democrats.

In the face of the great danger of overconfidence there is one compensating advantage—the Republicans everywhere are united. There is no factional difference anywhere in

national politics, a fact perfectly attested by the unanimity with which the nominations were effected and the platform adopted at Philadelphia. There is no factional quarrel in any State. This condition, it is true, may be possible. For the time at least it adds still further to the feeling of overconfidence. On the other hand, a later result is almost sure to be that the full vote will come out in harmony and enthusiasm for the regularly nominated candidates and the accepted statements of policy. The great hope of Republican success throughout the country is that the various committees—and the various voters for themselves—will see promptly and thoroughly into the real issues; will not be mistaken about them, will not try to substitute pretended principles for real ones, will not try to substitute untried men for tried and true ones, will not be frightened by bogie talk, but will be on their guard against the real dangers of the wide-spread Populist onslaught upon expansion (and with it, prosperity), upon a stable currency system (and with it, prosperity) and a solid and patriotic devotion to the courts and to law and order—which also mean prosperity.

NEGROES DISSATISFIED.

(Special to The Bee.)

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 22, 1900. The colored people of Maryland are very much dissatisfied. Meetings are being held throughout the city. Loomie is the biggest Negro democrat in the State. The Negro democrats and independents denounced THE BEE as the paid organ of the republicans.

THE YELLOW PERILS.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF JOHN A. MOSS.

To the Editor of The Bee:

The yellow peril seems to be the all prevailing scare of a few modern writers on the subject of the "negro's" contact with the caucasion." Some of them charge God with being grossly unfair in the creation of mankind. That is to say, he favored certain creatures by making them better in every respect than others; by breathing into their nostrils purer and better breath and by injecting into their veins purer and better blood. All nonsensical and blasphemous.

Of one flesh and blood, God created man in his own image. That there is but one species of mankind has been proven beyond all doubt by the greatest Ethnologist and Naturalist the world ever knew. If I could possibly believe such futilities to be true, I would go and commit suicide at once. The truth about the whole matter is that God created no race superior to the other, and every particular. The fact that he made one white and the other black is no argument that one was made better than the other. All of this talk that mixing the blood of the races tends to deteriorate the usefulness of either is futile. A careful study of the conclusions reached by the leading Ethnologist and Naturalist of the world, would change the belief or pretended belief, of those who have recently written and published warnings on the subject of the great dangers which threaten the white race on account of contact with the negro. Some of these writers have been wicked enough even to charge the Good Lord with having been unfair in his creation as to have made one race better than another without the slightest reason for doing such an unjust thing. What sensible person on earth believes any such nonsense? Some folks go so far as to say, that the Lord began to make the white man about 12 o'clock in the day, and that he took so much pains in making him (the white man) that he did not finish until a few minutes of seven in the evening, just about dusk, at that time he began to make the Negro and did not finish him until about midnight, and, being in a great hurry to get through before the next day, was compelled to slight the black man in his work. And hence the inferiority of the Negro race.

I assert as a Unitarian, that from every rational standpoint, the indications tend to show that within the next hundred years, to see a pure blooded Caucasian or pure blooded Congo on this continent, will be a great curiosity.

I suggest Turanian hue.

JOHN A. MOSS.
509 D Street, N. W.

Interesting Life Statistics.

A statistician has estimated that a man 50 years old has worked 6,500 days, has slept 6,000, has amused himself 4,000, has walked 12,000 miles, has been ill 500 days, has partaken of 36,000 meals, eaten 15,000 pounds of meat and 4,000 of fish, eggs and vegetables and drank 7,000 gallons of fluid.

Tools of German Barbers.

The barbers in some towns in Germany are compelled by law to cleanse and disinfect their combs, brushes and razors immediately after use and before they are applied to the hair or head of another customer.

Victims of the Boer War.

"Talana Elanda Smith" and "Bomontina Grasspans Modderirra Brown" are names which have been given to babies in Cape Colony. A Boer named Troskie has had his son baptized Immanuel Kruger Steys Triomphus—a combination "sacred and profane."

Preaches the Gospel at 97.
Rev. Elijah Kellogg, aged 97, is preaching regularly at Harpswell, Me.



CHA RMAN HANNA SOUNDS THE TOCSIN.

Don't be too certain, but let every loyal Republican and citizen of good Government and prosperity be united for McKinley and expansion.

TUSKEGEE NOTES.

The 125 horse power engine, the gift of the late C. P. Huntington, has just been installed by the young men of the Division of Machinery. It will supply most of the power for the various industries, and also run the dynamos for the electric lights.

The night school, which was begun early in the vacation in the town of Tuskegee under the supervision of principal Washington, is meeting with much success.

The Division of Harnessmaking was very successful last year. Among other things made, were five sets of single wagon harness, seven sets of double wagon harness, nine sets of single buggy harness, six buggy harness, besides trimming, six buggies, and making seven cushions also for buggies.

CYRUS CAMPFIELD.

TURNER'S INVASION.

HE WILL ENTER THE NEGROES' STRONG HOLD—THE AFRO-AMERICAN LEAGUE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 24.—Great preparations are being made for the reception of the Convention of the Afro-American League. The democratic party, it is said, has appropriated several thousand dollars to send delegates to capture the convention. James A. Ross, of Buffalo, N. Y., is in the city and has secured headquarters at the English Hotel. He asserts that the convention will be captured by Bryan and free silver. J. Milton Turner, who comes direct from Bryan, declares that after the Indianapolis conference he will invade Chicago, Ill., the strong hold of negro Republicanism.



MR. ANDREW GLEASON.

He is willing and ready to take all bets on McKinley.

Biloxi, August 15, 1900.

Dear Mr. Editor:

Kindly inform me through the columns of THE BEE what is the standing of the Western Industrial Association among the representative colored men as yourself and others, so far as your knowledge extends.

Can you say whether Mr. Lewis H. Douglass, son of Frederick Douglass, has any connection with the above named organization?

It is so represented in this city, by the agent of the organization.

Yours for the race,

James A. Burns,

Editor The Gazette,

Box 311, Biloxi, Miss.

This organization has been dead too long to talk about. Hon. Frederick Douglass was the President, but, he was treated so badly that he resigned.

Mr. Lewis H. Douglass, at present advised is not connected with any such organization.

Dr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Cabaniss of K St. N. W., are in Europe, where they will mingle business with pleasure. The Dr. will pursue a special course in medicine at Edinburgh, Scotland; and Mrs. Cabaniss will take a course in how to teach. They will return in the early spring.

EXCURSION TO LYNCHBURG AND DANVILLE, VA.

SEPTEMBER 1-3, 1900.

We take pleasure in announcing to our readers that Mr. Thos. Leftwick, the celebrated excursion manager, has arranged with the Southern Railway for an excursion from Washington and Alexandria to Lynchburg and Danville, Va., to leave Washington at 11:00 P. M., Saturday, September 1, 1900, to arrive at Lynchburg and Danville early Sunday morning, and returning, leave Danville 10:00 P. M., and Lynchburg 11:30 P. M., Monday, September 3, arriving in Washington early Tuesday morning. Patrons of this excursion will have two whole days in Lynchburg and Danville, Sunday and Labor Day, and as this will be the only excursion of the season to these points, all who can should take advantage of this opportunity. The rates will be: from Washington and Alexandria, to Lynchburg \$2.75 round trip, and to Danville \$3.25 round trip. Further information can be obtained upon application to J. L. Saunders or Thos. Leftwick, 1626 Madison street, northwest, city.

COL. AARON T. BLISS.

Republican Candidate for Governor of Michigan Has Made a Big Fortune in Lumber.

Col. Aaron T. Bliss, of Saginaw, Mich., republican nominee for governor of that state, was born in Springfield, Madison county, N. Y., and worked as a boy on his father's farm. He received his education at the district school. On the breaking out of the civil war he enlisted as a private in the Tenth New York cavalry, and took part in some of the greatest battles of the war, Bull Run, Fredericksburg, the Wilderness and South Mountain. In the latter part of the war he was made a prisoner, but escaped, and after days and nights



COL. AARON T. BLISS.
(Republican Nominee for Governor of Michigan.)

of fearful privation made his way through swamp and forest to Sherman's lines.

When the war ended he went to Saginaw and engaged in the lumber business. He prospered exceedingly, and to-day is one of the richest of Michigan lumbermen.

He has held a number of public offices—those of alderman, state senator and congressman. He also served with the rank of colonel on Gov. Alger's staff. While in congress his speech on the McKinley bill attracted much attention.

For his own city Col. Bliss has labored zealously, in season and out. He has been a wide-awake, public-spirited citizen, and Saginaw owes much to his devoted labors in her behalf. He has endowed churches, schools and colleges out of his abundance, and his generous hand has aided every prominent public charity, while it has relieved at the same time, in unostentatious and often unsuspected ways, many private needs.

He is a stalwart republican, and as vice president of the National League of Republican Clubs has worked with his usual energy for the advancement of the party's principles.

REMEY IN COMMAND.

Chief of the American Naval Forces in China Is an Officer Distinguished for Bravery.

Admiral George C. Remy, chief of the American naval forces in Chinese waters, was appointed commander of the Asiatic station early in March last. At that time everybody was pleased with the selection of Admiral Remy for this important post. Its jurisdiction extends over the Philippines and Guam, the coast of China, and, in short, over all territory in which the United States has an interest, lying west of the



ADMIRAL GEORGE C. REMY.
(Commander of the American Naval Forces in China.)

Sandwich Islands. The admiral is described by his associates as able, polite, generous, hospitable, modest, a thorough sailor and a man of mature judgment. He was selected by Admiral Walker to be the first commander of the Charleston. That boat was cruising the Pacific at the time that trouble was brewing with Chili. Remy was chosen because of his superior capabilities as a commander and strategist and his well-known discretion in emergencies. In the subsequent chase of the Itata by the Charleston Admiral Remy displayed keen judgment both as a sailor and a diplomat. He now trends the deck of his second flagship. His admiral's flag flew from the old Lancaster in the war with Spain.

As Seen by the Chinese.

This is how a Chinese writer describes New Zealanders in a Chinese paper: "They live months without eating a mouthful of rice; they eat bullocks and sheep in enormous quantities with knives and prongs. They never enjoy themselves by sitting quietly on their ancestors' graves, but jump around and kick balls as if paid for it, and they have no dignity, for they may be found walking with women."

WHAT I SAW AND HEARD.

I understand that a very few members of the Afro American Council will leave this city for the Indianapolis meeting. What the reason is I am unable to state.

Congressman Geo. H. White is a frequent visitor at the Police Court. Perhaps he is getting pointers. May be he intends to drop his shingle in or near this court. There is room for lawyers.

There is much anxiety on the part of the local politicians now.

The W. Calvin Chase republican club is a strong organization, and on March 4th next the turn out of this club will be a great one.

President Charles Freeman is making every effort to make his club the leading political organization.

Judge A. S. Taylor is making a model judge of the Police Court. He is a man of patience and will, no doubt, be the next Judge of the Police Court. He is the same man on the bench he is off. Some people act beyond reason when they are elevated to positions of power.

There are three different shrine organizations in this city among Negro masons. Which is the bone fide organization is a question that cannot be ascertained.

The Harper brothers in the Police Court are two genial young men. Mr. Patsy the Chief Clerk and Clerk Rough are two active and accommodating men.

The genial Campbell Carrington has returned to the city after a vacation of several weeks. He looks well, and no doubt, improved in health. The genial attorney is taking life easy.

Recorder H. P. Cheatham is laying wires for Congress. He seems to be the only Negro in North Carolina who can make a successful race. Mr. Cheatham is a good man and a liberal Republican of the Negro race. If he is nominated his friends say that he can be elected.

The Afro American Press Association springs up occasionally and lets the people know that it is still kicking.

Assessor Darnells is one of the best men in the District government. He is a young man of push and perseverance. He promotes the colored men whenever he can, especially if he is deserving.

Health Officer Woodward is making many improvements in his office. It is not wise to change health officers at every change of administration. The present health officer is a genial gentleman, and the Commissioners made no mistake when they reappointed him.

There is a movement on foot among the people to do away with Emancipation Day parades. They are useless and unnecessary. Money that is collected goes into the pockets of money sharks. It is hoped that the white people will cease giving money to irresponsible parties.

The political outlook for the Republican party is great. There is no doubt but that the people are satisfied with the present Administration.

ROUNDER.

WHERE THE BEE IS SOLD.

J. F. Smothers, 1827 7th st. n. w.
C. W. Chapman, 1500 14th st. n. w.
Dixon's Barber Shop, 1745 L st. n. w.
R. F. Plummer cor. 2nd and H sts. s. w.
Bellar's Drug Store, 16th & M sts. n. w.
W. Bishop Johnson Jr., 12th & R sts. n. w.
J. T. Newman, 401 3rd st. s. w.



THEY SAY—

The greatest man is a silent man. Bishop H. M. Turner has married again.

The Bishop thinks that it is not well to be alone.

The Afro American Council is a great institution, remarked a negro democrat.

He has his eyes on the organization and would like to capture it. Do your duty and nothing more can be expected of you.

Speak the truth always, it will pay.

Put some people in authority and they will forget their duty.

The Empire of China has fallen. McKinley is the next President of the United States.

Kentucky will go republican by a large majority.

The republicans of Kentucky should win in the next election.

If you want to know what is going on read THE BEE.

The greatest men often do small things.

Don't throw a man overboard after you have used him.

John B. Wight has returned from Alaska.

What do you think of District negroes now?

He could not be saved.

Don't be alarmed when you see a little danger.

This town is full of fake agitators.

What do you intend to do with the kickers?

It will be a good thing when the republican get rid of its dissatisfied members.

President McKinley will some day see the importance of changing some of his office holders.

Don't be too certain, you may be disappointed.

Don't kick too hard, you may do harm.

This is what the world is coming to, a nation of kickers.

Park Temple church has not lost any of its members as yet.

The office of supervising principal should be abolished.

What will the Chinese Empire do now?

It will be cut into pieces.

The colored republicans will organize.

There is no doubt of the re-election of McKinley.

The West will vote solidly for McKinley and reform.

Do your duty and be blessed.

Bishop Arnett and Adams have been appointed on the advisory committee.

These are two strong men.

Bishop Arnett knows what to say and when to say it.

The greatest politicians in the land are in the republican party.

James A. Ross is running a negro democratic party.

Roosevelt is making some good speeches.

What can you hope to get through treachery.

It is the progressive and active man who will succeed.

Think well of yourself and conduct yourself accordingly.

The Police Court is in need of reorganization.

Throw the protecting arm around those in need of protection.

The New Board of Education is not doing much at present.

This board ought to go slow.

Jimmie wearing will find out next year who is recommended for dismissal.

THE BEE is the paper that you should read.

What is the best thing to do when you are in trouble?

Will one answer this for THE BEE?

The fight between McKinley and Bryan will be a fight to the finish.

The New York colored democracy will not cut much of a figure in this campaign.

Hill and Coker are having a hot fight.

New York will go solidly republican.

Senator Platt is not saying much but he is doing a good deal.

What can you expect from nothing.

MIDNIGHT LOVE SONG.

Unappreciated Warbler of the Night Has to Pay Three Dollars for Her Vocal Performance.

Rosie Lee, a Chicago Patti in vocal disguise, moved slowly along Madison street late in the night, and in a shrill voice sang "Dear Midnight of Love." The woman says that if Alderman John Coughlin, the author of the song, had been near he would have been thrilled with delight by the masterly manner in which she rendered his piece. The alderman, however, was not there, but Detectives Weiss and



CHICAGO'S MIDNIGHT PATTI.

Mahoney were, and thus it came to pass, says the Chicago Inter Ocean, that Rosie was asked to explain to Justice Eberhardt in the Desplains street police court.

The detectives told Justice Eberhardt that the defendant made a noise which sounded much like the grinding of the wheels of an elevated train when being brought to a stop. "It was something awful," said Detective Mahoney. "You could hear it for blocks around. It sounded like some one in great distress, and we expected to interrupt an attempt at murder."

Rosie seemed indignant, and declared that she was neither shrieking nor making unearthly noises, as represented by the detectives.

"I was singing, your honor," she said. "I have a sweet soprano voice, and would have gone on the stage long ago but for the fact that my musical abilities were not appreciated as they should have been."

"And what was your selection last evening?" asked his honor, who prides himself on his knowledge of music and musicians.

"I was singing 'Sweet Midnight of Love,' and it was fine."

"It is fine," said the justice, "and a \$3 one."

QUEER HIDING PLACE.

Old Physician's Wealth Discovered by Boys Who Pressed a Spring in an Ugly Skull.

Touching a secret spring in a skull formerly in the collection of Dr. Abraham Smith, has revealed that it was packed with diamonds and cotton, says a Galesburg correspondent of the New York Evening Journal.

Forty years ago Dr. Abraham Smith, who had practiced in Galesburg for a considerable period, mysteriously disappeared.

For a long time previous to the occurrence gem robberies had been frequent, but no clue had ever been obtained.

In clearing out an ancient garret, there was found a skull, which was identified as having been one of the doctor's belongings.

It was frequently handled, and as some boys were looking it over a hid-



A RELIC WORTH FINDING.

den spring was accidentally touched, causing a section of the top of the relic to open, and from it poured a cupful of gems.

It is believed that the doctor was one of the old-time robbers, and that the gems were a part of the spoil derived from the assassination of early settlers.

Since the discovery of the skull, old residents of the town recall many mysterious trips taken by the doctor, and they tell of equally mysterious calls made upon him by strange men.

A thorough search has been instituted, and every nook and cranny of the old house is being searched.

There are even those who want the town to tear the building down and appropriate whatever wealth may be found hidden in the walls.

How Many Do You Know? There are 3,064 languages and dialects spoken in the world.

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The Only Complete Housefurnishing Establishment Washington.

N. E. Cor. 7th and I Streets, N. W.

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Manufacturer of Plain and Ornate.

IRON RAILING

Iron Porches, Window Guards, Grills, Balconies, Gratings, Cellular Doors, Etc., of Every Description.

Builders' Work A Specialty.

All work Firstclass.

Shop in Rear of 1344 H Street, N. E.

GET THE BEST

When you are about to buy a Sewing Machine do not be deceived by alluring advertisements and be led to think you can get the best made, finest finished and

Most Popular

for a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. You will then get a Sewing Machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is



Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. CHICAGO, ILL. 91 LEVIN BLDG. DALLAS, TEXAS SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA. FOR SALE BY

S. OPPENHEIMER & BROS.

514 Ninth St., N. W. WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Specialist in Rheumatism and all

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IMPROVED TRUSS.

It adjusts itself so perfectly to the rupture that it is impossible for it to become displaced.

It permits the utmost freedom of motion with perfect safety.

All uncomfortable and injurious steel spring pressure is avoided.

The pad is held in place by woven bands, which retain an equal pressure in all positions of the body.

It can be worn in bed, a great desideratum to the young as tending to a perfect cure.

It is the only suitable truss for children and females.

The proper amount of pressure can be brought to bear and maintained in any position without pinching or chafing to the wearer.

It will cure hernia if placed on the patient sufficiently early.

Excepting umbilical, it is the best truss ever offered for all kinds of hernia.

It is so perfect and comfortable in its adjustment that the patient in a short time forgets he is wearing it. (See the certificate of Mr. Daniel Johnson.)

Sent postage paid to any address on receipt of price; \$3 for single and \$4 for double truss.

In ordering, give location of hernia, right or left side, and measurement.

Satisfaction given—money refunded when the truss is returned in good order. Address:

L. C. Bailey,

Room 15, 609 F St., N. W.

or 2221 M St., N. W., Was. D. C.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

Northwest.

George & Co., 908 7th street, north-

west, is where you will find the

best goods. Take your boys

there and say The Bee sent you. Mr.

George is an affable and just man to

the people.

WIVES COUNTED OUT.

Indians Are Compelled by Law to Forsake Polygamy.

Many of the Discarded Women Take Their Lives—Tall Beaver Much Pleased to Get Rid of His Surplus Better Halves.

A correspondent of the Chicago Inter Ocean writes from Kansas City that six suicides and hundreds of broken hearts is the record of one month's slaughter in the Kiowa and Comanche Indian reservation.

The order of the United States government compelling the men of the Kiowa and Comanche tribes to give up all but one wife has caused sorrow and death to invade the domestic circles of their homes.

The orders of the interior department, issued last winter, were explicit on the question of Indians having more than one wife. It stated that all redskins must come at once to the agency and proceed to account for their household.

The Indians did not obey. The Indian agents were lenient, not desiring to push such a vital and delicate subject. The old men and the young bucks did not pay any heed to the edict, but proceeded to marry more squaws and increase their household, as has been the custom for years. In some of the households there were as many as ten women who had been made wives of the head of the house, according to Indian laws.

Last week the agent of the Kiowa and Comanches sent out word that they must separate for good or forfeit their rights to share in the tribe's land and money, soon to be distributed pro rata.

The old men did not like to lose their right of land and money, and, much against their will, they were forced to go to the agency at Darlington and make a choice of their wives. In nearly every case the old squaws were chosen.

In the case of Tall Beaver, he chose the youngest of his squaws, and the



TALL BEAVER AND HIS CHOICE.

other six killed themselves because they were not the lucky ones. They used a razor to deal the final blow to their hearts.

Tall Beaver is very glad he got rid of his squaws, he said, because they were no good to work, and he was fast losing his fortune in consequence thereof. He said he did not care if his deserted wives did kill themselves, as it was not his fault. Some of the older men were angry at the agent because they had to give up their wives, and threaten to sue the United States for the damage done.

It used to be among the Kiowa and Comanches that the more wives one possessed the better standing he had in tribal ranks. But lately the young men have only taken more than one wife because it was the style to do so. They were glad to get rid of their many squaws, but the old men held back and kept the younger element on their side.

The legal casting away of wives took place on the open prairie near the agency. The agent, Maj. Mischner, tall and dignified, sat on his pony in the midst of the terrified redskins. He had a list of names of the members of the tribes from each district, and called them out in alphabetical order.

As each name was called the owner responded. It went something like this: "Many Horses, how many wives do you claim?"

"Eight women now live in my tepee," was the answer from the big medicine chief of the Kiowa.

"Have you decided which one you love the best?" interrupted the agent as the medicine chief started to complain of the order.

The Indian, after a great deal of studying, says he has made a choice, and he then announces the name of the squaw whom he prefers to keep.

"The other women who have been living with Many Horses will please go to the agency, where they will be cared for later," the agent says without sympathy.

Some of the squaws grew frantic when they learned they had been abandoned, and the six deserted wives of Tall Beaver ran away into the woods and killed each other with razors they had purchased to be in readiness for the act.

Some of the women took it more kindly and went to the agent, where they were given work, and some of them have been fortunate enough to marry again.

Agent Mischner says it is a hard job to separate a man from his wives, but the laws must be obeyed.

It is estimated that 400 women will be deserted before the last trace of polygamy is blotted out in these two tribes.

ADRIFT ON A RAFT.

Thrilling Experience of a Boy in the Gulf of Mexico.

Seven Days He Had Spent on His Little Floating Floor—Impressions of a Pilot Who Would Not Change His Course.

There is sometimes a providence that directs man's actions and the experience of an old pilot with headquarters at New Orleans seems to bear out the assertion. His story cannot be better told than in his own words: "Men in our line of business have plenty of queer experiences," he said, "but I think the strangest that ever fell to my lot happened in 1903, right after the great hurricane that swept down the south coast and drowned many poor fisher folks on the little islands. The storm blew itself away on a Sunday," the pilot went on, "and next Sunday morning, having nothing in particular to do, I decided to take our steamer, which was a handy little 12-knot craft, and go for a two-hour run into the gulf from South Point to see what I could see. The water was still full of driftwood and wreckage from the fishermen's cabins, but we noticed nothing in particular until we had been out about an hour. Then one of the men on the boat sighted a big red canbuoy over to the southwest. It was a government mark that had broken away from its moorings and he suggested that we go and see where it belonged. Ordinarily I would have said all right, but something I don't know what or why—made me refuse. 'No,' said I, 'we won't change our course. Keep her head straight out for an hour longer and maybe we'll see something better than runaway red cans.' I had no idea that my words would come true, but about half an hour we came in sight of a little raft dead ahead of us, and as we got nearer we made out what seemed to be a child on top of it. We ran to within a couple of hundred feet before we stopped, and then we saw that the raft was evidently the floor



ADRIFT ON A RAFT. (After the Poor Boy Had Been Floating Around a Week.)

of some fisherman's cabin. The child was a boy of 14 or thereabouts and he was sitting down with his back hanging forward on his breast and his arms stretched out, clutching the planks. He looked for all the world as if he was dead, but he was asleep, and when I rang the bell he straightened up all of a sudden and glared at the ship like a person in a dream. All he had on was a little white shirt and a pair of white pants, and while we lowered a small boat and pulled over to him he sat just staring and saying not a word. He had strength enough to climb in, but when he reached the ship he fainted.

The poor boy had been on the floating floor for seven days and 12 hours continued the pilot. He was the son of a Gascon oysterman, who lived on Grand Isle, and the hurricane had caught him alone in the cabin. It was the ramshackle, but to pieces in all respects, and he found himself adrift on the floor, which had miraculously kept together. How he had lived through the storm one of those mysteries that can never be explained, but he was carried far off the coast, and next morning was out of sight of land in the open gulf. Then followed a solid week spent on that handful of naked boards without food, water or shelter of any kind. I have been a seafaring man all my life, and have known of many wonderful escapes from death on the open waters, but never of anything to compare with this. The boy had to lie down on the raft to keep from falling off, and when he grew weak the crew bit him from head to foot until he was a mass of wounds. He had been a strong, sturdy lad, and before the storm had weighed 160 pounds. When we rescued him he weighed less than 100.

"Of course, most of what I have related we learned several days after ward, when he was strong enough to talk. As soon as we got him on board we headed for South Point, 15 miles away, for, as bad luck would have it, there was not a particle of food or liquor on the ship. Fortunately, however, we hailed the fruiterer, who water and got a little brandy and a can of condensed milk, and it was many a how a few spoonfuls of nourishment revived the lad. At quarantine week he was practically well. Then his uncle came after him and I have heard from him since. I have wondered," said the old pilot, in conclusion, "where the strange impulse came from that made me insist upon holding our course that Sunday morning. It had turned aside, as the men on board desired, the eastward would undoubtedly have been lost. It was not until the limit of possibility that he would have lasted another day."

Largest City in Africa.

Cairo, Egypt, with a population of 800,000, is the largest city in Africa.

The Bee.

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ANTI-NEGRO MOBS A SOUTHERN PRODUCT ONLY.

Much space is being devoted by the local white press and the Southern press generally to what they are pleased to call "anti-negro riots." The incidents in the cases of Chicago and New York city are commonplace, had their origin in the least respectable localities, from among the least respectable people, spread but slightly beyond the original site of the trouble. Those who participated were of the lower order of human beings, excepting some few brutal police, whose only claim to respectability lies in the fact that they are the designated upholders of the majesty of the law.

The fact as to the New York *melee* show that violence was done to innocent colored men and women only after the whites had been brutalized by whisky and before the respectable and law-abiding police and citizens had time to suppress the mob.

In every large town, daily incidents of similar character are enacted, with the bare exception that the participants are white and not colored. In Northern cities all such riots are originated by the *sub-stratum* and are discouraged and peremptorily quelled by respectable citizens. It was the inordinate devilry of low white people which produced the mob and the respectable, law-abiding citizens, who abhor brute force and mob rule, who put a stop to it.

The simple truth is, that the riots in Chicago and New York city were not "anti-negro riots" at all, but merely manifestations of anarchy and misrule which are being stimulated by the unholy example which is being set by the Southern people.

It was apparent that the Southern press is desirous of impressing the public that the riots in Chicago and New York were similar to that of New Orleans, from the fact that the three riots are usually referred to together, under the designation of "anti-negro riots."

An analysis, however, of the New Orleans riot will readily reveal two very important facts. In the first place, in the other two instances the mob consisted of the lowest order of citizens—in Chicago of the anarchistic and in New York of the "thug" element—while in New Orleans, while the mob may have originated among the "poor white trash," it was winked at, encouraged, and participated in by the so-called aristocrats and best people of the city.

In the second place, the fact that the riot was general, and not local, as well as protracted, indicates that it was "anti-negro" and not only a "thug" demonstrated merely.

Another fact is revealed in the attempt of the Southern press to link the three riots under the same title of "anti-negro riots." In their shameless, lawlessness, and high-handed treachery of disfranchisement, mob rule, and riot, they are seeking justification behind the pretext that the Negro is undesirable and the object of contempt, hatred, and brute force of the masses at the North as well as at the South.

But the scheme is too transparent, and will only provoke the ridicule, if not the contempt of both of the law-abiding masses of the North.

That the New Orleans riot was an "anti-negro riot" is only too true, as shown by the cowardly manner in which innocent colored people were tortured, beaten, and killed. But, it is far from true that the

riots in New York and Chicago were "anti-negro riots."

In these cities the colored people are treated as men and citizens by the vast majority of the whites and are encouraged and assisted in their efforts toward moral, intellectual, and material advancement. The spirit of toleration is stimulated, and as far as possible the principle of the golden rule is carried out.

The wornout "superior blood" theory in the North is regarded as a ridiculous bit of quixotic hallucination to be pitied and rejected rather than despised, while at the South the same theory has begotten and fostered the meanest form of self-conceit, selfassertion, tyranny, and intolerance.

"Rule or ruin" is the watchword of the Southern oligarchy and "damn the yankee" and "down with the nigger," is its inspiring slogan.

Another fact may be noteworthy as, in a measure accounting for the spirit of misrule at times manifested at the North, especially that directed against the colored people. Colonization of white Southerners in Northern cities, for the purpose of uniting opposition to the colored people in those quarters, is one phase of the diplomacy to which the Southern people have resorted in order to destroy the results of the war and engraft upon the entire country an "effete civilization." It has often been observed that the most inflammatory speeches made and articles written in Northern cities have proceeded from persons of Southern birth and education. It may be the insinuating knavery of such persons which is leavening sentiment at the North with its fungus of misrule and prejudice.

We deny that there are any anti-negro manifestations at the North, and insist that the great masses in that quarter have been, are, and will always be our friends and will sooner or later prove it to the satisfaction if not the gratification of the Southern people, who should be, and but for their ingratitude and hatred, would be our best friends.

THE MAIN QUESTION.

Imperialism and Militarism may be subjects upon which the white voters may deem it proper to engage in fierce political warfare; but there are other subjects far more interesting, serious and important for the study and action of the colored voters. The question, "How can the negro's God-given right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness be guaranteed and perpetuated?" is the all-absorbing one which must concern the race. The solution of this momentous question will depend largely upon our appreciation of its importance and the wisdom of our action.

There never was a time in the history of the colored people when devotion to principles and duty were more urgently needed. And it is for thinking men and women to deal with present conditions and manipulate them in the interest of right and duty.

Self-seeking, self-constituted and unprincipled politicians can be of little or no service. Many of them have already sold the race for a mess of pottage and many more are willing to sell them again.

Assuming that a solution may be used by participating in politics, what party is it the duty of the colored voters to support at this time? Which party shows the more friendly or hostile spirit toward us?

In the light of history, recent or well as other, which party organizations has been instrumental in enacting laws for our development and which has oppressed our advancement?

Which party has given us representation in Congress and the executive departments, and which has opposed such a policy?

Taking the country at large, in what section do we find the largest enjoyment of the right of life, liberty and pursuit of happiness and what party dominates that section?

When and by what party are the sacred rights of home most respect for law, order and judicial trial stimulated and fostered?

These are a few questions which come to us and which require no great study and research to accurately answer.

Upon the honesty of our inquiry and the integrity of our purpose, love of race and of principle, will depend upon the good and ill results which must follow.

BEWARE — EN.

We have been not a little surprised to hear some of our colored friends talking in high of praise Col. Bryan, because of the many references by him to Abraham Lincoln. We would not for a moment doubt the sincerity of Col. Bryan, for personally we believe he is a good man and an admirer of Lincoln. But when he injects his love for Lincoln into politics, it looks just a bit like setting a "coon trap" from ulterior motives of a highly personal character. Were Col. Bryan a man after the manner of Lincoln, avowing the same principles and co-operating with the same party there might be some consistency in his politics. But while he is preaching the humane doctrine of Lincoln, his party associates are practicing the doctrines of Jeff Davis and Bob Toombs, and while he talks in glowing platitudes about the "consent of the governed," his party leaders and associates are practicing the art of "mob rule" and "government without the consent of the governed." Col. Bryan may be all right but those upon whom he must depend are too unlike him to be trusted. It looks like a "bait" to catch colored voters and the old anti-slavery elements. But colored voters will not be deceived; for if we understand Bryanism aright, it means the consolidation of about all of the adverse elements which have tended to retard the progress of our race, destroy the results of the war for freedom and imperil the safety and dignity of the nation. We would that Bryanism and Lincolnism were similar, but since they are not we will follow the party which Lincoln loved and honored and which loved and honored him.

THE OUTLOOK.

While many enthusiastic Bryan democrats are certain that he will be elected, THE BEE is more than confident that McKinley will be reelected President of the United States. Of course the republicans must be united and work together. There must not be any bickering or division in the republican ranks. Every man who has the interest of his country at heart and the prosperity of the nation must work with a vim. The outlook for republican success is bright.

Never before in the history of the United States has the output of Southern iron ore and pig iron, lumber, coal, and coke been so large as it has been in the past two years, and not for years, if ever, have the prices been so high. Never before was so large a proportion of southern products shipped from southern ports. Never before has money loaned at such low rates of interest. All this under the gold standard and a protective tariff. Yet the South will probably vote almost solidly for the free and unlimited coinage of silver and free trade as personified by Bryan. She will also vote for Bryan's Philippine and China ideas, and to cut off the great and growing oriental market for her cotton goods.

If Mr. Bryan cared to be candid he could discourse more learnedly upon the art of accumulating wealth than any of the other candidates in the field. Mr. Bryan is the wealthiest candidate before the people to day and he has made his money since the inauguration of the policies against which he declaimed so vigorously. Yet Mr. Bryan is selfish enough to decline to give the

Republican administration the proper credit for his good fortune. It is no necessary to abuse the Democratic leaders in this campaign. They regard the liberal employment of quotation marks as the very worst form of chastisement.

The Supreme Court fell under the displeasure of the Democratic party, because it would not declare constitutional a piece of partisan legislation, and their party vented its anger by trying to befoul the ermine or the highest and purest court the world has ever known. The country resented the onslaught so much that in the platform this year the Democrats refrained from attacking the court, nor did they mention the measure disapproved by the court, yet they have endorsed the platform which advocated the measure and condemned the court.

A few years ago the South did practically no manufacturing. It now has over \$1,000,000—one billion dollars—invested in factories, paying over \$350,000,000 in wages and producing between \$500,000,000 and \$2,000,000,000 worth of products yearly. If the gold standard and the protective tariff are the great evils that the South so steadily denounces, how has the South been so enabled to make this wonderful progress, the great bulk of which has been under McKinley's administration?

Russel Sage is not satisfied with the present prosperity. He complains with bitterness that "money is a drug on the market now." In the hard times of the Cleveland administration Mr. Sage could lend out his money with usury. Now he has to compete even with the farmers of the West, who have become lenders of money where they used to be borrowers. No wonder he is dissatisfied with McKinley prosperity.

Democrats pretend to say that if foreign built ships are admitted to American register then American shipbuilders will build all the ships the carriage of our foreign commerce employs, while Republicans stand fast in support of the statute which has, since the foundation of our Government, reserved American built ships.

The country is not yet ready to turn over the chair which has been filled by such statesmen and patriots as Washington, Lincoln, Grant, and Harrison to one who appeals for support on account of his record against most of the wise legislation that has been enacted ever since the boy orator commenced to figure in politics.

The general prosperity of the farmers in all parts of the country, north, south, east and west, resulting from good crops and good prices is a legitimate vote maker for the Republican party. The Lord gave the good markets, and no amount of political misrepresentation can deprive either of the credit due.

The party that must look upon the generally prosperous condition of the country as a menace to its political prospects, is in an unfortunate condition deserving of sympathy, but a sympathy which should be devoted to reformation and not of endorsement at the polls.

The Democrats are very careful in their campaign against the ship subsidy bill not to say that foreign governments subsidize their merchant ships to the amount of more than \$26,600,000, and against which ships unaided American ships cannot compete.

With the Hon. Ben Tillman protesting against "government without the consent of the governed," and Dick Crocker fulminating against the ignorance of the people, the Democratic party backs into the campaign with its accustomed dignity and plausibility.

The Hon. George Fred Williams announces the arrival of the empire. George Fred is always ahead of time. It will be recalled that last year he took the precaution to select the Massachusetts delegates to the Kansas City convention.

"It is only skin deep," declare the Democratic editors in their attempt to account for the McKinley prosperity. Yet they are vigorously opposing every policy calculated to send it deeper.

The efforts to introduce foreign issues into the campaign have come exclusively from the Democrats. The Republican platform appeals directly to the American voter and his welfare and doesn't evade a single issue.

Before going any further with their arguments the Democratic leaders should explain why it is that, if President McKinley has no backbone, he can go ahead shattering the Republic and establishing an empire.

Chairman Hanna has not been compelled to attempt an explanation of his connection with trusts for the simple reason that, unlike Chairman Jones, he is not a beneficiary of such organizations.

Will Colorado hang back and decline to approve of the prosperity the country is enjoying? Colorado people are believed to be manly and enterprising enough to acknowledge a mistake.

"The gold standard," declared Mr. Bryan in his Minneapolis speech in 1896, "would destroy the opportunity to work." Is Mr. Bryan depending upon the votes of the idle this year?

After surveying all the predictions he made a less vain man than Mr. Bryan would, emulating the example of the parrot, come to the conclusion that he had talked too much.

Among the many exhibits in Kansas prosperity is a potato field forty miles long. It is not believed that even the Hon. William Vincent Allen can out-talk this showing.

Gold to the amount of \$25,000,000 was brought into this country from the Klondike this year. Here is another text for a prolonged weeping spell by Senator Teller.

In contemplating the result of the Kentucky murder case it should be borne in mind that the prosecution had the pernicious assistance of a partisan trial judge.

"He voted for Bryan in 1896" is becoming quite a common form of introduction for the speakers at the Republican meetings in Kansas this year.

It is believed that the Hon. George L. Wellington is engaged in blowing into the wrong end of his Waterloo.

A political party that cannot stand by its predictions will naturally run away from its platform.

Mr. Bryan owns a farm, but the money he paid for it was earned by the sweat of his larynx.

The State of New Jersey gets \$32,000 for filing the incorporation of the Frick-Carnegie combination. It is not stated how much the combination will get out of the state.

The average duration of life in Chicago has been greatly increased in the last thirty years, resulting in the saving of 42,050 lives.

Among Colorado's relics of cliff dwellers is one building that sheltered probably six thousand people.

Each question of a child is a round in the ladder of knowledge.

One good excuse is better than a thousand poor ones.

FLAG FOR CHURCH

Devised by Bishop Leighton Coleman of Delaware Diocese.

He Thinks the Followers of Christ Should Float an Emblem of Their Own—Has Some Relation to National Flag.

Bishop Leighton Coleman, of the Episcopal diocese of Delaware, is a churchman of original and progressive ideas. He is full of resources for the extension of church work, and the realization of its interests. His latest device to advance both purposes is a project to introduce a general church flag, about which all forces can rally and be stimulated to renewed endeavor in the interests of the mutual welfare. He has, therefore, adopted a suitable emblem for his own church, and hopes to see a general flag ultimately chosen by the Philadelphia Times.

This is how he views the flag and the good it will accomplish:

"We all know the power of a flag. How it appeals to our better nature and bestirs us to a lively remembrance of our duties. For ages the flag has been a symbol of the nation, of its glorious hues and designs, according to the first things which a new government adopts.

"Why should the church be without a flag? For some time I have been thinking over the matter, and at last with the valued aid of two friends, who are experts in heraldry, I have determined upon a design which has been thoughtfully well executed in bunting by the widely known Philadelphia firm.

"I wanted something which, while it had a relation to our national flag, should have about it something essentially ecclesiastical. The cross in the white field is in shape what is known as a bishop's cross, its arms flanking



AMERICAN CHURCH FLAG.
(Designed by the Patriotic Bishop of Delaware.)

Its color is, of course, purple, as befits the bishop's color. It is surrounded by the right and left by seven bars, number seven being the mystical number of perfection. My chief idea in having this flag is that it may serve as an object lesson to all who pass by it.

"It will be unfurled only on special church days. Those who include the chief festivals of the church, such as days, great ecclesiastical anniversaries, etc. So that when people see it they will be led to inquire why it has been raised on that particular day, and will find out what the festival is, and what prominent event is commemorated.

"It flies from a fine pole over St. Bartholomew's day, when it is swung out to the breeze from the pole situated in beautiful Bishop's park along the banks of the picturesque Brandywine creek, at Wilmington, Del.

Since then it has waved continuously and has served to attract attention to the place and to its occupant. So attention has aroused inquiry and interest in the church and in its work, and has undoubtedly served to stimulate the members of the church to renewed efforts and endeavors.

Not only this, but it has given something tangible to take hold of and defend. It is the symbol of the church and represents something real and personal to every individual churchman. The natural result is the unification of the membership and a more determined and concerted body standing ready to confront and combat opposition.

There is little doubt that a similar result would be brought about with the general church if adopted. The same rule would hold good for it as for the individual institution.

At any rate, this is Bishop Coleman's idea. It has proven plausible enough to attract the attention of a number of other prominent churchmen, and the result that the plan will be seriously considered. If they decide that it is practicable it will undoubtedly be adopted.

A Monster Match Factory.
The biggest match factory in the world is the Vulcan match factory at Tidaholm, Sweden. It employs over 1,200 men and manufactures about 900,000 boxes of matches. The yearly output requires 600,000 cubic feet of wood, 250,000 pounds of paper and 40,000 pounds of rye flour for pasting the boxes. Three hundred of the most complete and ingenious pieces of machinery, all of Swedish invention, are used in this factory.

The Week in Society

A NEGRO DEMOCRAT.

WHY MR. CURTIS IS A DEMOCRAT—
WHY HE EXCHANGED HIS RELIGION
NEGRO WANT TO BLEED HIM.

Editor of the Washington Bee:

Please allow me space in your most valuable paper, which in my opinion is one of the most fearless Negro Journals edited to-day.

I see in your issue of August 18th that you utilize a great deal of valuable space to Negro Democracy, and you also pay a special tribute to me. You have known me personally for about fourteen years, and my political views, you are familiar with. It is well known that I was appointed to a menial position in 1893 under the Cleveland Administration, appointed by the Hon. Daniel Lamont, Secretary of War, on the recommendation of the Hon. Walter I. Hayes, then a member of Congress from the second Congressional District of Iowa.

When I arrived in the city of Washington on the 2nd of October, 1893, and took the oath of office, I was met by a hundred of Negroes who professed to be uncompromising democrats. I held the position to which I was appointed until the 13th day of July, 1897, when I was honorably discharged, and for no other reason than that I had been appointed under a democratic administration, and was known to be a democrat which I do not now deny.



CHARLES C. CURTIS.

I was appointed as you know, assistant Sergeant-at-Arms at the National Democratic Convention in Chicago, 1866. I was also a delegate to the Democratic Convention in the same city, July 10th, 1896, having been elected as a Cleveland democrat; and as you will see by the Chicago World of July 20th, that I bolted the convention and withdrew together with a great number of leading negro democrats who were opposed to free silver at the ratio of sixteen to one, and the result was that I united with the gold democrats in the campaign of 1896; and the result of that campaign speaks for itself.

You state in your article on Negro Democracy that Mr. Charles C. Curtis of Iowa was appointed in the House of Representatives on the recommendation of Senator Gear, and as you say he declared that he was a negro democrat under the Cleveland administration; that is correct to a letter. You also say that he remained in the War Department until his discharge, and then having repented he declared himself a republican and remained in the Capitol until the adjournment of Congress, and he now declares for Bryan and free silver.

A part of the above is correct. I was endorsed by Senator Gear and seven of the leading members of Congress from my State and also the distinguished editor of the Washington Bee for a position under the Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives of the fifty-third Congress, and would have been appointed if it had not been for the treacherous and deceitful Negroes, who had been appointed to positions in the various Departments on the payment of a royalty to certain supposed Negro leaders on account of which I withdrew my papers, which fact Mr. Glenn the Doorkeeper of the House will certify. I never drew a dollar from the disbursing officer of the House of Representatives or the United States Senate for services rendered in my life. I would not at this time bring this matter up, but it is a matter that personally concerns me and my personal political friends.

My dear Mr. Editor, you claim that there are dozens of Negro democrats holding offices in the various Departments that should be removed. Will you kindly publish the names of the same in your next issue in order that we may know just who they are. In conclusion, I wish to return my sincere thanks to you and your paper for favors received, as I was discharged for no just cause under this Administration, you did not question my political affiliations, but gave me an opportunity to make an honest living by working for your paper, and for which I am ever grateful to you. I am sincere in the position that I am taking in the coming national campaign, and believe that every Negro who claims to be a democrat should place himself on record and not play under cover for the following reason:—1st. Should Mr. Bryan be elected, we want to know just who should be recognized for appointment. 2nd. Should Mr. McKinley be elected, we will know just who should be retained in office. Hoping that our friendship in the future will remain the same as in the past, I remain,

Very truly yours,

CHARLES C. CURTIS.

YOUNGEST LION TAMER.

Six-Year-Old Girl Wins an Almost Incredible Influence Over Her Wild Pupils.

Stella is the six-year-old daughter of Robert Aginton, manager of the Atlantic City zoo. She has been familiar with wild animals since she was a tiny baby, but the lions alone seem to hold her interest, says the New York World.

The child is a fragile, pretty little thing, almost a baby still in speech and demeanor, but the influence she wields over the lions is wonderful.

Her first experience came last year. She begins the education of all the zoo



STELLA IN THE CAGE.
(She is the Youngest Lion Tamer in the World.)

lions. When the babies are two weeks old they make their first appearance in public, and are turned over to Stella. The child takes them just as she would a basket of kittens and sits and plays with them until they learn to love and obey her. She reaches into their little cage where they lie curled up asleep, draws them out by the nape of their necks and then has a grand romp with them.

This is preliminary to the lesson she gives them each day. She first plays that they are naughty children and stands them in the corners, then they are forced to perch in chairs and look grave and wise.

She plays grandmother, and the biggest baby is dressed in a cap and spectacles.

Then follows a hilarious half hour, when Stella makes the lazy cub jump through hoops and walk about on their hind legs. It is great fun for Stella, and the cubs soon learn that her word is law.

After she has had them for about two weeks they respond eagerly to her call and trot about after her in the most affectionate fashion.

When they are three months old cub lions commence to grow savage. They claw and snap viciously at their keepers. Stella has successfully managed her charges past this stage, and several of the older lions at the zoo, who are viciously inclined toward the men, have never attempted to molest the child.

Shortly after she began to train the baby lions, Stella was painfully wounded by an African cub, so much so that her parents vowed that she should never go near a lion again.

But Stella was undaunted, and seems to have forgotten the incident entirely. So fearless is the child that she begs to be admitted to the cages containing the four immense African lions. She watches their performance with great delight, and vows that she is going to be "The Lady of the Lions" some day.

Stella's present charges are dangerous ones. Their father is Wallace, the man-eater, who has a record of seven men. The mother is the famous Juno. So the cubs are the finest specimens of the full-blooded African lion.

SAMUEL R. VAN SANT.

Noted Grand Army Man Nominated for Governor by the Republicans of Minnesota.

Capt. Samuel R. Van Sant, republican nominee for governor of Minnesota, is an exceedingly popular man in that state.

Capt. Van Sant was a candidate for the nomination two years ago, receiving 400 votes, but was defeated. His appointed ambition did not sour him. He was now the idol of his troops. He played and preached among them; he played uncouth practical jokes with them; he was not above a snowball match against them; he was a brisk, energetic, skillful soldier, and he was an invincible commander. In Parliament he made himself felt, as having the art of hitting the right debating-nail upon the head. The Saints had an instinct that he was their man, and they could not trust him to stand by them when the day of trial came. A good commander of horse, say the experts, is as rare as a good commander-in-chief, he needs so rare a union of prudence with impetuosity.

The largest match factory is in Austria, and each year it uses 22,000 pounds of phosphorus, turns out 1,500,000,000 matches, and for the boxes 160,000 feet of wood.

however. Defeat, indeed, seemed to lend redoubled activity to his labors for the success of the ticket, and at last his warm adherents have the satisfaction of seeing him as their standard-bearer. His nomination was by acclamation.

Capt. Van Sant is an enthusiastic member of the grand army. In 1894 he was elected senior vice commander, and in 1895 traveled more than 20,000 miles, attending camp fires, encampments, reunions, etc., of his comrades. He gave his patriotic services to the union cause in the civil war, and his business career has been signalized by sterling integrity. He is a man of abounding energy, and he will give his opponent a lively fight.

HOW MORMONS PROPOSE.

How a Mother Acts When Asked to Give Her Daughter in Marriage.

Mrs. Hudson describes graphically what she saw and heard in a Mormon household during a significant visit from the elders of the church. Below is an extract:

Three men were ushered into the room. One was tall and of strong, well-marked features and dignified presence. The others were stout and florid and rather nervous in manner, brothers apparently.

Without waiting for a formal introduction, one of these motioned inconspicuously toward me and said, "Is she of the Lord's people?"

The woman offered them chairs with a slight inclination of the head, that might have been taken either for answer or for an invitation to be seated.

Was she afraid? I could not tell. The men paid no attention to the invitation for the moment and ignored my presence. They had come upon urgent and important business, they announced, and would state it at once. It was their duty to bear a message to her, one that specially concerned her.

"Yes," said the tall and solemn elder, "it is indeed nothing less than a revelation received by the head of the church last night. It concerns both you and your daughter."

"My daughter!" gasped the woman in scarcely audible tones, and I saw one hand grasp the back of a chair convulsively.

"Your daughter who has now grown to womanhood," continued the elder, "and owes her allegiance to the church."

"What is the revelation?" the woman forced her drawn lips to ask. "Through the grace of the all-wise Father it has been revealed to his disciple, Brigham Young, that your daughter, Clarisse, should become the third wife of Elder W—, here present with us."

An awful silence ensued, and then a convulsive movement in the woman's throat, as if her voice refused to utter a sound, attracted the attention of all, and the men bowed their heads that they might not see.

Ranged along the wall in a solemn row sat the brother of the bridegroom, his mother, his daughter and the mother of the bride. Clarisse's mother was but the ghost of herself of yesterday; then strong and erect and content; now trembling in her chair as if she would again fall to the floor, her appealing eyes unheeded, for her daughter had been placed so that she could not see her mother.

Almost as quickly as the company was seated—no time being permitted for scenes, that were disliked by the head of the church—the voice of Brigham Young rang out loud and confident. Addressing the first wife, he said: "Are you willing to give this woman to your husband to be his lawful wife for time and for all eternity? If you are you will signify it by placing her right hand within the left hand of your husband."

The broken, wretched wife reached across the altar, and lifting the delicate hand of the girl with her own work-stiffened fingers laid it in the broad outstretched palm of her husband. Thus was the plural marriage consecrated and the holy institution of Christian wedlock desecrated, in Christian America.

Long afterward I knew that I had witnessed one of the tragedies in what was known among the Mormons as the Reformation and among the Gentiles as the Reign of Terror.—Lippincott's Magazine.

Napoleon and the Press.

"When I returned from Elba," Napoleon is quoted as saying, in the April Century, "I found, among other papers of the Bourbons, an account of six thousand francs paid monthly to the editors of the 'Times,' besides taking a hundred numbers monthly, and I had an offer from them to write for me for payment. I had offers from the editors of several English newspapers to write for me, even during the time of war, previous to my going to Elba, and to insert news and everything else I wished, and that money would be taken to send them to France. I did not do it. I was wrong, however; I ought to have accepted their offers, and then my name would not have been held in such odium in England as it was. This they said themselves to me. For in the end these newspapers formed the public opinion, and always will do. I was very wrong; I see it now."

Cromwell as an Idol

"It was not until 1645," says Mr. Morley in the April Century, "that Cromwell had begun to stand out clear in the popular imagination, alike of friends and foes, as a leader of men. He was now the idol of his troops. He played and preached among them; he played uncouth practical jokes with them; he was not above a snowball match against them; he was a brisk, energetic, skillful soldier, and he was an invincible commander. In Parliament he made himself felt, as having the art of hitting the right debating-nail upon the head. The Saints had an instinct that he was their man, and they could not trust him to stand by them when the day of trial came. A good commander of horse, say the experts, is as rare as a good commander-in-chief, he needs so rare a union of prudence with impetuosity."

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" Baltimore, Md. (Camden Station) 9.19 A. M.
" Baltimore, Md. (Mt. Royal Station) 9.24 A. M.
" Wilmington, Del. 10.52 A. M.
" Chester, Pa. 11.09 A. M.
" Ar. Philadelphia, Pa. 11.27 A. M.
" Niagara Falls. 11.00 P. M.

Stop—overs allowed on return trip at Buffalo, Rochester, Geneva, Watkins Glen and Mauch Chunk.

Only \$1.00 Niagara Falls to Toronto and return.

Side trip to Thousand Islands from Rochester only \$5.50 round trip. Tickets good five days, but within return limit of Niagara Falls ticket.

Special arrangements for dinner and supper en route at very reasonable rates. Call on Ticket Agents Baltimore & Ohio R. R. for full particulars.

THE GEORGIA STATE INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE.

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The fall term, beginning October 3, 1900, the Georgia State Industrial College will receive both young men and young women as boarders. The entire expenses for board, washing, fuel and lights will be only \$5.00 per month. The location and surroundings are healthful and elevating. A first class opportunity for young men and women to obtain a good literary and industrial education. The trades of Blacksmithing, Wheelwrighting, Carpentry, Painting, Bricklaying and Shoemaking will be taught the boys, and the arts of Sewing and Cooking will be taught the girls. Boarding space is limited and those who wish to come must apply early.

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R. R. WRIGHT, LL. D., President.
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what this great and wonderful medicine will do? Have you tried a bottle? Have you seen some of the marvelous cures effected by its use? It should be in every household. We guarantee the ingredients are pure, the compound is perfect, the taste is pleasant and the cure is permanent. You may have tried different remedies, but this is superior to many of the so-called patent remedies.

This preparation contains the most valuable Blood Purifiers known to medical science, and its use will convince you that it has no equal for Impure Blood, Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Boils, Pimples, Ring-Worms, Tetter and Humors of Scrofulous Diseases. It makes pure, healthy blood, regulates the heart causes the blood to circulate freely and at normal temperature. It removes the causes producing Itching, Nervousness, Biliousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Exhaustion and that Tired Feeling. Especially adapted to the restoration of Typhoid Liver, Gives tone to the Stomach Invigorates the kidneys, Cures Constipation, Produces a Healthy Appetite, Sound Digestion, Regular Stools, Clear Skin and a vigorous Body. Revives Vitality in weak despondent and overtasked Females, Strengthens the Sexual Organs and restores New Life.

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will gradually turn the skin of a black person five or six shades lighter, and will turn the skin of a mulatto person perfectly white. HARTONA FACE WASH will not lighten the skin in spots, but all over evenly. The skin remains soft and bright without continual use of the Face Wash. One bottle does the work. It is your duty to look as beautiful as possible. Thousands of delighted patrons send us testimonials every year from all over the United States. HARTONA FACE WASH will remove Wrinkles, Dark Spots, Pimples, Black-Heads, Freckles, and all Blemishes of the Skin. You can regulate the shade of skin on neck, face, and hands to any shade you wish. Full directions with each bottle. HARTONA FACE WASH is perfectly harmless, and is sent to any part of the United States on receipt of price—\$1.00 per bottle. Remember, your money is positively refunded if you are not absolutely satisfied and delighted with the Hartona Remedies.

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will remove all smells and bad odors of the body. Cures sore and aching feet, chafed limbs, etc. HARTONA NO-SMELL is a God-send to all persons suffering from disagreeable odors caused by perspiration of the feet, armpits, etc. Sent anywhere on receipt of price—50c. a package.

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To introduce our remedies in this city, we will send to all persons who will cut out and mail to us this Coupon and ONE DOLLAR, three large boxes of HARTONA HAIR STRAIGHTENER, worth \$3.00; two large bottles of HARTONA FACE WASH, worth \$2.00; one package of HARTONA NO-SMELL, worth 50c. The entire lot of remedies, worth \$5.50, will be sent securely sealed, so that no one can tell contents, for ONE DOLLAR and this Coupon. Order goods now, as this grand offer will last but a short time only. Write your name and address plainly. Money can be sent by Post-Office Money Order, Express, or enclosed in a Registered Letter.

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909 E. Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

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City _____, County _____, State _____

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN IN AMERICA. OUR GOODS SELL ON SIGHT.

HERE'S A LITTLE



Pointer for You

It shall in this column endeavor to answer all correspondence that may be sent and to request young ladies to read this column, and any questions that they wished answered please send them in before Saturday each week.

By Miss MAY CLEMATIS.

True friendship can only be found in a true person.

Don't come to a conclusion, because others do. Think for yourself.

It is the grateful person who appreciates kindness.

If you have no escort go alone. A girl should be independent.

Nothing is prettier than white; it doesn't become every one.

You should never be too familiar with any one.

No work is dishonorable. Hospitality should always be appreciated.

You may see some one who is very captivating; but, there is no one truer than a true friend.

The person who is honest and respectable to you is the person you should appreciate always.

It is not necessary to laugh on the street cars. Be sedate.

A deceitful person is one that is not honest.

Always conduct yourself in a becoming manner and then you will command respect.

It is not necessary to delay in answering letters. If you are sincere in what you say there should be no delay.

The Cuban teachers are a fine set of men and women, there was no distinction. The black and whites were associated together.

It is not the person who is sedate so well that you should always respect. It is the person who respects.

Nothing is certain until it is certain.

Attend to your own business when you will know that it is attended to.

Don't always depend upon other people.

A talkative girl is an unsafe one.

A sedate girl is an agreeable companion.

A good companion is always acceptable.

Never let diamonds attract you. It is true the young men with diamonds may possess nothing else.

There should never be a time when you should get too busy to answer friends' letters. You have come to a fatal end.

You may think that you have made a mistake, but you have made a mistake. Summer comes often, but good friends are few and come seldom.

Don't take advantage of a friend. A true friend will make sacrifice for you, but some people will take advantage of one's weakness.

Don't put too much confidence in your female friends. A woman is easily persuaded by others. Men seldom agree.

Don't let time have come for you. Girls to be circumspect in society.

Too much familiarity breeds contempt.

Don't allow a man to call you Ella, or by your first name. Always request him to address you as Mrs. or Madame.

Don't imagine that you will be well in open labor work. They become everyone.

Don't let your clothes become to you.

Don't let your hair fix it according to the fashion.

Don't wear hair that belongs to one else, especially if yours is black and the other is red.

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NEEDED A GUARDIAN.

Confessions of a Young Man Away from His Mother.

How a Professional Ball Player Conveyed the Pleasing Impression That He Was a Simon-Pure Rube from Jayville.

"It isn't always the simon-pure rube from the farm that gives amusing exhibitions of greenness in large cities," remarked the much-traveled ball player to a Detroit Free Press reporter. "I'll never forget how utterly lost I felt when I stepped off the train at the big Union depot, St. Louis. Well, at first I was almost inclined to abandon my promising career in the National league and back-track it to the minor league from which I had been bought. I nerved myself for the ordeal, however, and went to one of the big hotels, where I expected to find the manager. When I had introduced myself, he said, in the most cold-blooded manner imaginable: 'Oh, you're the young fellow we bought, eh?'"

"Yes, sir," I modestly replied. I hardly knew how to reply to his next question; I didn't know but what it was a 'feeler' thrown out to test my habits. The question was:

"Have a drink?"

"Well," I hesitatingly replied, "I never drink anything stronger than beer in my business."

"That's all right. Stick to beer and you'll always have a good eye, was the short reply."

"He took some kind of green stuff himself. Well, perhaps I wasn't nervous that first day. No, the spectators did not cause this feeling—the players were responsible. I knew that every eye was upon the 'new man,' and that every apparent defect and good point would be commented upon and criticized freely. Fifty times that day I wished I was back on the sand lots. Luck was with me, however, and I played a wonderful

game, securing a home run and a three-bagger and making a couple of brilliant plays in the field."

"I am merely telling you all this to give you an idea of the ordeal a young player has to go through when he makes his first appearance with a big team. Now, I'll relate an experience I had on my first trip to New York. We put up at a hotel the appointments and size of which appalled an unsophisticated youngster like myself. Being a ball player, and realizing that the average business life of the professional is quite limited, I am trying to extend my career by a strict observance of the laws of health. I am an early riser and I believe in the before-breakfast cold water bath. The second morning in New York I arose as usual and began to prepare for my customary rub-down. There was some requisite lacking, and I rang, as I supposed, for one of the hotel attaches. In a few minutes there was a genuine panic in that hotel. All the downtown fire engines were dashing to the scene, and the cry of 'Fire!' resounded through the corridors of the big building with alarming distinctness. Guests were frantically running about the hallways in scant attire and many of them were scrambling for the fire escapes. I guess no one in the building was more frightened than I was. I couldn't move. My feet seemed glued to the floor and I was standing in an attitude of speechless terror right near the bell I had rung when the firemen having been unable to locate any signs of fire, the head clerk appeared. He was white with rage. Looking suspiciously at me, he demanded:

"Did you ring that bell?"

"I rang some bell," I stammered; "I wanted to call the porter to fix my bath."

"Well, you blamed chump—didn't you see that sign there?"

"I glanced at a placard over the bell and there in large type was printed 'FIRE ALARM!'"

"It's all a mistake," I said, in an apologetic tone.

"Where are you from—Reubenville?"

"I'm a member of the St. Louis ball team."

"Realizing the humor of the situation, the clerk broke into hearty laughter."

"I won't say anything about it to the other boys," he said. But they all seemed to know it by breakfast time, and I was so unmercifully grieved that I felt like asking for my release. No, sir, it isn't always the rube from Jayville that makes bad breaks at city hotels and other places."

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TURKEYS EARN WAGES.

Kansas Farmer Rents Them Out to Neighbors for Use in Destroying Their Grasshoppers.

Necessity has made the Kansas farmer so energetic and enterprising that lack of rain, dryness of soil and grasshoppers—the bane of the existence of the pioneer Kansas farmer—have no terrors for the farmer of 1900. When an adequate rainfall seemed to guarantee good crops to the farmer of 15 years ago he still ran the risk of having them partially or completely destroyed by grasshoppers.

It remained for Isaiah Finch, a Saline county farmer, to show how to



DEATH TO GRASSHOPPERS.

exterminate grasshoppers and to make money at the same time. He raised a flock of 1,000 turkeys and rents them for \$25 a day.

Mr. Finch states that the grasshoppers have been so numerous in his neighborhood this summer as to do considerable damage to all crops. He has a drove of 1,000 young turkeys, and he soon discovered that his poultry was much more than a match for the "hoppers." The turkeys destroyed the "hoppers" almost as fast as they could light on his premises and before they had time to work any destruction.

Presently Mr. Finch's neighbors noticed that his fields continued green and luxuriant while others were barren in spots, and they investigated. When they found out the secret a few of the enterprising farmers began to negotiate for the use of the flock. Mr. Finch proceeded on the theory that 100 turkeys were as valuable as a farm hand, and accordingly fixed a rental of \$25.00 per day for each 100 turkeys. The entire flock is in demand and Mr. Finch derives a revenue of \$25 per day on his investment.

Thus the old-time method of raising or buying feed on which to raise turkeys has been superseded by the new one of making your neighbors pay for the privilege of feeding them for you.

A VICTIM OF RABIES.

Chicago Man Acts Like a Mad Dog and Attempts to Bite All Who Come in His Way.

John F. Bloom, suffering with a violent attack of hydrophobia, created terror among pedestrians the other night on Star street, Chicago.

At six o'clock, and while the sidewalks of the North side street were crowded with people, Bloom ran from his house, snarling and barking like a vicious dog. At first the onlookers did not know the man was a victim of rabies, but when he rushed at a party of men and women, biting and snapping, there was a scramble to get from his reach.

Bloom was monarch of all he surveyed for 15 minutes or more, holding his would-be captives at bay. After clearing the street of people he rushed into a yard and tore around the house several times, biting at everything in



GEISS HAD A NARROW ESCAPE.

his way. The fence is marked in several places where he fastened his teeth.

Men who had been watching the actions of the unfortunate man from across the street were emboldened to look over the fence surrounding the yard. The sight of the man caused Bloom to again rave violently and throw himself against the fence.

Bloom was writhing in agony when Officers Miller and Geiss entered the yard. At sight of them the man leaped to his feet and dashed at them. Miller caught him, but could not hold him. After a fierce struggle, in which Geiss narrowly escaped being bitten, the officers were obliged to resort to blows before Bloom could be subdued.

Bloom, who is 26 years old, was bitten by a mad dog four years ago, says the Chicago American, and has several times shown symptoms of the disease. At the East Chicago avenue police station he lay in a strait jacket while arrangements were being made to remove him to the detention hospital.

HIS CAREER ENDED.

Playwright Charles H. Hoyt Declared Incurably Insane.

Deplorable Conditions Brought On by Overwork and Worry Over His Wife's Death—List of Farces He Has Written.

Charles H. Hoyt, the playwright and theatrical manager, is now in an asylum for the insane at Hartford, Conn., where his partner, Frank McKee, made application before the probate court to have him adjudged insane and his commitment made permanent.

Mr. Hoyt was taken to Hartford from his house in Manchester, N. H. He has been under the care of Drs. G. M. Graham and Dana, New York alienists, the former of whom accompanied him to Hartford. Upon their arrival he was examined by Dr. W. L. Lawton and Dr. G. C. Segur, of Hartford, and pronounced insane.

Mr. Hoyt is said to be in excellent physical health. He is able to realize the seriousness of his state and does not greatly object to the action taken. He expressed a desire, however, to make a statement in his own behalf to the court. He says he has no relatives.

Mr. Hoyt's friends trace his breakdown directly to the loss of his wife, Caroline Miskel. Since her death in October, 1898, he is said to have changed rapidly, brooding over his sorrow, and growing exceedingly morbid. As a relief he turned again to literary work and wrecked his health by overwork. Several months spent in Florida resulted in his regaining his bodily strength to some extent, but his mental condition was still unsatisfactory. Soon after his last play, "A Dog in the Manger," was produced and failed. This was a great shock to Mr. Hoyt and resulted in a relapse, which has brought him to his present condition.

The alienists acquainted with Mr. Hoyt's case have not said whether or not eventual cure is probable or possible, but it is not unlikely the career of America's most successful and most

CHARLES H. HOYT.
(Most Eminent and Successful American Farce Writer.)

characteristic playwright has closed forever.

Charles Hale Hoyt was born at Concord, N. H., July 26, 1860, and was sent by his parents to the Boston Latin school for his final schooling. He then studied law in Charleston, N. H., but gave up the law to take a position on the St. Albans Advertiser, where his talent soon procured him an offer from the Boston Post. The succeeding five years he spent as dramatic and music critic and editorial writer on that paper, when his success in playwriting induced him to give up journalism and devote himself wholly to the writing and production of plays.

His first work, written while on the Post—was a sketch called "Gifford's Luck." This had some success and was soon followed by "A Bunch of Keys," the success of which will be well remembered. "A Parlor Match," played by Evans and Hoyt up to the death of the latter, a period of 12 years, was the next in order, and it seems should have established the young playwright in the favor of managers. But it did not, for he was unable to secure a producer for his next play, "A Rag Baby."

After taking the farce from one manager to another without success, Mr. Hoyt determined to put it on himself, and with Charles Thomas, his first partner, and Manager Eugene Tompkins, who finally consented to take a third interest, "A Rag Baby" was launched. The result was another great success, and with that Mr. Hoyt resigned his position on the Post, and has since given his entire attention to play-writing and theatrical management.

After "A Rag Baby" followed with wonderful rapidity "A Tin Soldier," "A Hole in the Ground," "A Midnight Bell," "A Brass Monkey," "A Texas Steer," "A Temperance Town," "A Black Sheep," "A Trip to Chinatown," "A Milk-White Flag," "A Contented Woman," "A Stranger in New York," "A Day and a Night in New York," and, finally, "A Dog in the Manger."

The greatest success of these was "A Trip to Chinatown," which ran 656 consecutive performances at Hoyt's theater, now the Madison Square, in New York. Mr. Hoyt was twice a member of the New Hampshire legislature and a democratic candidate for speaker.

In 1887 Mr. Hoyt married Flora Walsh, who was known to play-goers as the "Bossy" of "A Texas Steer." She died in 1893, and in 1894 he married Caroline Miskel, who was considered one of the beauties of the American stage. The attachment between them was very strong, and after her death in 1898 the playwright broke down.

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BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R., Battleground Route.

For the Annual Encampment, G. A. R., at Chicago, August 27 to 31, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad will sell tickets from all points on its lines East of the Ohio River at the very low rate of ONE FARE for the ROUND TRIP. Tickets good going on all trains of August 25, 26 and 27, good to return until August 31, inclusive, except if tickets are deposited with Joint Agent on or before noon of September 2 and payment of fee 50 cents, tickets may be extended for return to September 30, inclusive.

Call on agent Baltimore & Ohio Railroad for Route and Rates, and folder containing full and elaborate information concerning the importance of the B. & O. during the civil war, Battleground Map, Program at Chicago, etc.

ATTENTION! LADIES!

HAIR RESTORER

All who are desirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer Oriental Complexion Cream, cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like velvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of implements and toilet articles for sale. 1545 4th Street Northwest. Agency at THE BEE Office.

Only one man, in Washington gives 12 cabinet size Photos and a Crayon Portrait for \$5.00

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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Piso's Cure for Consumption is also the best Cough Medicine. If you have a Cough without disease of the Lungs, a few doses are all you need. But if you neglect this easy means of safety, the slight Cough may become a serious matter, and several bottles will be required.

CONSUMPTION

HON. ROGER WOLCOTT.
Eminent New Englander Succeeds Ambassador Draper as Our Representative at Rome.

Roger Wolcott, who has accepted the Italian embassy in succession to Ambassador Draper, of Massachusetts, resigned, was formerly governor of Massachusetts and is a distinguished New England citizen. He is a Harvard man and a graduate of law, but has been very little in practice owing to his vast estate, which has required almost all of his time to manage. Mr. Wolcott's family is one of the strong old houses of New England. Wolcotts were colonial governors and signers of

HON. ROGER WOLCOTT.
(Just Appointed American Ambassador to Italy.)

the declaration of independence. The distaff side of Mr. Wolcott's family is almost equally famous. His wife is a direct descendant of the Prescott who commanded the Yankee forces at Bunker Hill. The new ambassador has taken a keen interest in local and state politics. He was elected several years ago to the common council of Boston and served three terms in that body. Then he spread his wings for a higher flight and was chosen to represent his district in the legislature. In this capacity he likewise served three terms and was afterward elected Lieutenant governor. Gov. Greenhalge died while in office and Mr. Wolcott took his place. His administration was acceptable to Massachusetts voters, who returned him by election to the office of chief magistracy. Mr. Wolcott is now in Europe.

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FINE WINES,
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GENERAL RAILROAD AND
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The Richmond Transfer Co.
and Baggage Express,



YOU MAY TAKE IT FOR GRANTED

There is a little going on in the upper court at present. The bailiffs must report daily.

In the district attorney's office Mr. Gould has just relieved Mr. Taylor. Mr. Gould will make some few speeches this fall for McKinley.

Justice Taylor is dispensing justice in the Police court. Judge Pugh is off on his vacation, and he is the same jovial fellow.

Mr. Sinclair is on deck. He is learning the ropes of the District Attorney's office.

Mr. Elliot is a great acquisition in the District Attorney's office. He knows as much about the filing of information as other.

This has been a dull season in the courts. Judge Taylor is a man who has won the confidence of the members of the bar.

Royal Hughes and King are two young men who are doing well in their professions.

The genial Campbell, Carington has just returned from his vacation.

Attorney Pentleton has been on the sick list.

GASKINS & GAIRES,
ACADEMY—
RESTAURANT,
320 8TH STREET N. W.,
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Opposite KANNS.

Here can be found all the delicacies known to gastronomy, carefully selected by the proprietors and prepared by a well known Club Chef. All leading brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars—imported and domestic.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

CLINTON COTTAGE,
1820 Atlantic Ave.,
Atlantic City, N. J.,

Under the management of Mr. E. Murray, the experienced caterer of Washington, D. C., is now open for the season 1900.

The Cottage has been a greatly improved and refitted with new carpets and additional furniture.

All first class help have been engaged for this season and the very best service will be afforded all guest who patronize the Clinton.

Clinton Cottage is splendidly located only two blocks from the ocean front. The dining room has been newly fitted up and will be run separate from the cafe.

The cafe will be run on the European Plan.

Board by the week, day, or by meals, also ice cream and confectionaries for sale.

For terms, please address

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600 3rd St. S. W.,
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Do You Want

25 Car tickets for 25 cents
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600 13th Street cor. F

Baby's Overplus of Brain.

"Oh, John," exclaimed the fair young mother, "I am glad you're home. I have been so worried."

"Why, dear," he asked, "what's the matter?"

"It's about the baby. I tremble to think of it. You know they say children that are too smart never grow up."

"Yes, yes," he cried, "go on. What is it? Where is our darling? What has happened? Go on."

"John," she said, putting her arms around his neck and sobbing upon his breast, "he said 'Da, da,' to-day, and he is only nine months old."—Tit-Bits.

All That Was Necessary.

"Were your amateur theatricals a success?"

"Oh, yes; every one in them had friends enough to convince him that he was the best one of the lot."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Stuffy Feeling.

First Boarder: "Don't you always have a stuffy feeling in this house?"

Second Boarder: "Not when we are in the dining room."

In Paris, where already people are forbidden to stand up in street cars, the police have just made a rule compelling eight seats in each car to be kept vacant from the starting point to the first stopping place, so that people waiting at the latter point may

AT-GRASTY'S.

One of the best equipped and up to date Dry goods and Notion store in the city will be found at Grasty's Combination store 1506 1508 8th street n. w. In this store will be found everything from a pin to a horse blanket. All kinds of Groceries fresh from the market, always on hand. July 1, will be a grand opening. The various things you find now in this store is simply an eye opener to what will be in his July opening. Families will do well to visit this store. Plenty of good things for

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Washington, D. C.
Ladies Dining room up stairs

NATIONAL COFFEE COMPANY,

IMPORTERS of—

FINE TEAS AND COFFEES,
718 Ninth Street, N. W.,

All Customers treated alike.
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24 BOTTLES ONLY \$1.25
ORDER A CASE OF
"COLMBACHER"
It is a treat above all others that your friends will enjoy most. No other dark beer has the perfect purity—the delightful flavor—the age and strength—of our famous "Colmbacher."

24 bottles—sent in unlettered wagons—only \$1.25. Also in QUART bottles—12 for \$1.25. Write or phone.

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MEATS & GROCERIES, everything fresh and nice. Your money back if anything you don't want.
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DRY GOODS, NOTIONS & MEN'S & WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR everything as represented and every customers has sincere, polite attraction. We have but one price and that is the

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We want your trade—no matter how little you buy—no matter how much you buy—no matter how poor—no matter how rich—you'll find everything pleasant—Don't doubt till you try.

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NIAGARA FALLS, JULY 19th VIA B. & O. \$10.00
Special train of day coaches and parlor cars, without change, leave B. & O. Station 3—30 A. M. Stop overs allowed on return trip. Specially low rate excursions from Niagara in connection with this excursion.

Purity Ice Company.

This ice is made from distilled water drawn from Artesians Wells. It is from the same water veins that furnish the famous Columbia spring. Free from Bacteria and Microbes.

J. E. McGAW, Manager.

Cor. Fifth and L Streets N. W. TELEPHONE 359.

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LOAN OFFICE

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, &c. MONEY LOANED ON EASY PAYMENTS.

H. K. Fulton has removed his Loan Office from his old stand, 1218 Pa., avenue to his handsome new building, 314 9th street, n. w., between Penn. ave. and D st, n. w., where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER, UNREDEEMED PLEDGES FOR SALE.

314 9th Street. Northwest.

S. Corner Fourth
and N Sts N.W.

HUMMER & Co.,
THE NEW STORE!

All Kinds of Meats, Vegetables, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

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European and American Plan.
The Best Afro-American Accommodation in the city.

Our Bar Attached. . . .
The best wines, imported brandies. Fine old whiskeys always on hand. Good Havana cigars.

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Tickets sold Saturdays and Sundays for return on following Monday, at reduced rates from Washington to Charleston, Frederick, Annapolis Junction and intermediate points.

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SCALP TREATMENT AND SHAMPOOING. FACE TREATMENT AND MANICURING.
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A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH.

HAIR STRAIGHTENER. 32-ONE LARGE JAR

HAIR STRAIGHTENER. 32-ONE LARGE JAR

A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH. A PEACH-LIKE complexion obtained if used as directed. Will turn the skin of a black or brown person four or five shades lighter, and a mulatto person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours a shade or two lighter will be noticeable. It does not turn the skin in spots but bleaches out white. One box of this preparation is all that is required if used as directed, the skin remaining beautiful without artificial aid. Will remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, pimples and black-heads, small pox, tan and liver spots without harm to the skin. When you get the color you wish stop using the preparation. The directions and preparation will be sent to any person for \$1.00, or send Post-Office Money Order. Express Money Order. Registered Letter, or we will send it C. O. D. Packed so that no one will know contents except receiver. THOS. B. GRAY, 1205 1/2 W. Broad St., Richmond, Va.

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Green and Smoked Sausage, to sell at the exceedingly low figure of 8 1/2 c per lb., so come early and you won't be left.
Best Elgin Butter, 30c per pound.
Pure Butchers' Lard, 7 1/2 c per pound.
Fresh Liver at 6 1/2 Cents a pound.

A Full Line of Mince Meat, Raisins, Currants, Figs, Nuts, Candies, Coconut, & Jelly.

For Good Health

Buy pure food that appeals to your appetite. . . .

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Breads baked by Boston Baking Co. fill the bill. These are the . . .

BEST BREADS IN TOWN.

For sale by your grocer. Look for our label to be sure you are getting the genuine article, as our bread is limited everywhere.

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YES, they do. and you are only one of a vast army of sufferers from sore and aching feet. In fact one person out of ten can truthfully say that he can walk comfortably wearing a new pair of shoes.

What is the Cause of this?

Simply because nine people do not get the right kind of shoe while the tenth one does. Those shoes that the ten men have bought came from KEENE'S. They are the hygienic shoe, moulded to the exact shape of the foot, and consequently they are a perfect fitting shoe. A shoe that fits perfectly is bound to give comfort. At present there is an unprecedented sale of Men's, Ladies' and Children's shoes at KEENE'S. Some startling values will be disclosed to you in our Price List, and if you are in need of shoes it will pay you well to look over these prices.

2,000 pairs of Ladies' Oxford Ties in Tan, Checolaire and Black that sold as high as \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 to be sacrificed at

\$1.95
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Men's Patent Calf Oxfords that sold for \$2.50 and \$3.00 (Black and Tan Kid Oxfords) all to go at

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These are only a few examples of a score of Bargains; so don't fail to call and inspect our stock

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P. S. Persons mentioning this paper when purchasing shoes will receive a discount of 5 per cent on shoes bought.

LEE'S TAKE-OUT KINK



The only article ever manufactured that actually takes the KINKS out of the hair. It will make the hair straight, soft, pliable and beautiful. Nicely perfumed. Guaranteed pure and harmless. One bottle will convince the most doubtful that it will do all that we claim for it.

We have a handsome line of crimped switches and bangs to suit every taste in the land.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

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Sheet Music of all kinds at largest discounts.

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